

PACIFIC COAST STEAMER GOES ON A ROCKY SHORE

The Crescent City Is Wrecked in the Ocean Graveyard of Cape Mendocino.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The coastwise steamer Crescent City has been wrecked at Mendocino. Fifteen of the crew and passengers are marooned on a rock. Tugs will not be able to rescue them before tomorrow.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 30.—In a sharp engagement between Turkish troops and Macedonian bands, the Macedonians were defeated with considerable loss.

CARACAS, Jan. 30.—Owing to the bitter feeling against Germany over the blockade and the bombardments, the German colony of this city refused to celebrate the Kaiser's birthday.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 30.—The Legislature has voted by a large majority to remove the State capital from Pierre. Redfield and Huron want it.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Venezuela dispute will probably be referred to The Hague tribunal of arbitration in case of disagreement.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 30.—Miners in the Indiana and Illinois bituminous and block coal districts demand an increase of wages of from ten to twenty per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The French battleships Gaulois and Bouvet were in collision today and considerable damage was done to both.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Putnam Bradlee Strong are here on their way to China where they will reside.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Former Secretary Long is sinking and is not expected to live through the night.

VIENNA, Jan. 30.—The Reichsrath today ratified the Brussels convention at a stormy session.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—At the Stewards' Steeplechase today two horses were killed and a jockey knocked unconscious.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Baron Speck Von Sternberg has arrived.

VALLEJO, January 30.—The explosion in the engine room of the cruiser Boston today resulted in one man being killed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—A further extension of the time for the ratification of the Cuban treaty has been made.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—John McDonough has been appointed a member of the Supreme Court of the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has favorably reported the Alaskan boundary protocol.

MAZATLAN, Mexico, January 30.—Soldiers have been called out on account of the plague situation, to maintain order and quarantine. Five deaths occurred today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—No decision has yet been made regarding the Panama canal treaty. Senator Morgan opposes it in its present form and has offered amendments.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A constitutional amendment has been introduced in the House prohibiting polygamy and one in the Senate restricting individual fortunes to ten millions of dollars.

CANTON, Jan. 31.—The Chinese government officials have made an important seizure of military stores in this city belonging to the reformers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The bill constituting a general staff for the army, modelled on the German system, has passed the Senate.

BARCELONA, Jan. 31.—There are serious strikes in this city. The police are aided by the military in preserving order.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 31.—The railway service throughout Holland is crippled by strikes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A fire in the United States sub-treasury did nominal damage.

CARACAS, Jan. 31.—A German war vessel is taking soundings near Maracaibo.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The press predicts a renewal of hostilities in Venezuela.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Serious floods are reported from Scotland.

BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 31.—The allied powers have recognized the priority of France's claims against Venezuela, but insist that France shall not be included in the 30 per cent basis for collection of Venezuelan customs revenues demanded by them.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The administration is very anxious to secure the ratification of the Panama Canal treaty, and is bringing all its forces to bear against the opposition offered by Morgan. If Morgan's resolution inquiring into the authority of Charge d'Affaires Herran's authority is voted down, amendments to every section will be offered that will jeopardize the whole document and make ratification at this session impossible.

LEFT ALL TO RELATIVES

Will of Late Paul Isenberg Is Filed.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The will of the late Paul Isenberg, devising an estate of over three million dollars in Hawaii, was presented for probate yesterday. The will makes no bequests, other than to the widow and children. A portion of the property is placed in trust, H. A. Isenberg, J. F. Hackfeld, and Beta Margarethe Isenberg being named as executors and trustees. Under the provisions of the trust, there will be no disturbance of the Hawaiian properties, in which Mr. Isenberg was a heavy investor.

March 30 was set as the day for probating the will, in order to allow of depositions being taken in Bremen, Germany, relating to the death of deceased. For this purpose a commission was directed to be issued to the consul general of the United States at Bremen, and he will take the testimony of Mrs. Beta Isenberg and Johannes Carl Isenberg as to the proof of death.

From the petition filed yesterday, there appears no benevolent bequest, Mr. Isenberg having given generously of his estate to charity during his lifetime.

The petition for probate was filed yesterday by H. A. Isenberg, wherein it is alleged that Paul Isenberg died at Bremen, January 16, 1903. The will which is offered for probate is dated in December, 1901, and deceased is alleged to have been sixty-three years of age at the time, and of sound mind. The estate consists of real estate in Honolulu valued at \$10,000, and bonds, notes, stocks and accounts valued at \$3,145,924.95, there being no reference to property outside of the Territory.

It is further alleged:

"That said deceased left a widow living, and as his heirs at law and next of kin the persons whose names, residences, ages and relationships are as follows, viz.: Mary Dorothea Rice Isenberg, Lihue, Kauai, H. T., age 40; Daniel Paul Rice Isenberg, Honolulu, H. T., son, age 36; Johannes Carl Isenberg, Trarant, Griesau, Holstein, Germany, son, age 33; Henry Alexander Isenberg, Honolulu, H. T., son, age 31; Julie Marie Pauline Barckhausen, Lüneburg, Germany, daughter, age 26; Clara Margarete Kalemale Wendroth, Muenchen, Holstein, Germany, daughter, age 23; Richard Menno Isenberg, Bremen, Germany, son, age 21; Paula Bertha Johanna Isenberg, Bremen, Germany, daughter, age 19.

"That in said will Bertha Isenberg, Anna Strauch, nee Isenberg, and Marie Duden are named as legatees; and Beta Margarethe Isenberg (widow), and Mary Dorothea Rice Isenberg, Daniel Paul Rice Isenberg, Johannes Carl Isenberg, Henry Alexander Isenberg, Julie Marie Pauline Barckhausen, Clara Margarete Kalemale Wendroth, Richard Menno Isenberg, and Paula Heltha Johanna Isenberg are named as devisees; and Beta Margarethe Isenberg, John F. Hackfeld and Henry Alexander Isenberg as trustees, guardians and executors.

"Wherefore your petitioner prays that said will may be admitted to probate, and letters testamentary be issued to Beta Margarethe Isenberg, John F. Hackfeld and Henry Alexander Isenberg; and that this honorable court will therefore appoint a day for hearing, and order notice of the same to be given by publication to all persons interested herein."

FERRIS APPEALS TO SUPREME COURT

George E. Ferris, sentenced to be hanged for murder in the first degree, yesterday filed a bill of exceptions to the Supreme Court. Judge Gear, who heard the case, is at present in San Francisco, and consequently the exceptions have not been allowed as yet.

The exceptions refer only to errors in excluding and admitting evidence. Exception is taken also to the failure to give the defendant the right to challenge the grand jury, and there are a number of allegations as to errors in rulings made by Judge Gear. A transcript of the evidence is filed with the exceptions. This will have the effect of postponing the hanging until the case is disposed of by the Supreme Court.

Another extension has been granted to Kimura, who is also under sentence of death for murder.

COMMITTEE SEES COOPER

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Superintendent Cooper was visited by a committee from the Fourth District central committee yesterday, which was seeking information regarding the enforced resignation of R. N. Boyd as road engineer. The committee asked the reasons for the removal, and the Superintendent of Public Works promised to furnish as soon as possible the charges and specifications upon which the action was taken.

Mr. Cooper would not add anything yesterday to the statement previously given regarding the removal of Mr. Boyd, but said he had promised to give the committee whatever information it wished.

Charges for more supplies than Superintendent Cooper considered were required, is one of the main reasons for Boyd's removal.

WINDS BLOW OVER MAUI

Trades Prevent the Working of Ships.

MAUI, January 28.—Chinese New Year, which began on the 28th, has been celebrated on Maui with much less enthusiasm than in former years. Perhaps the hard times of the past year may be mentioned as the cause; and then, too, there are fewer Chinese on the island than formerly. However, the usual hospitality was extended and there was the usual interchange of calls where the weather permitted. During the past week the weather has been most inclement—heavy trade wind gales blowing most of the time, accompanied by rain on East Maui Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

At Kahului the sea has been so rough that little or no work has been accomplished by the longshoremen.

The bark Foohing Suey, loaded with sugar, was ready to sail for New York on Saturday, the 24th, but was prevented by heavy winds. She tried to get away again on Wednesday, but could not for the same reasons, and today will again attempt to depart—but the gales still blow. The schooner Alice Kimball has unloaded but very little lumber during the week on account of bad weather.

The majority of the Maui legislators sail today for Honolulu. Hon. W. P. Hala of Hana is on Hawaii and will not go to Honolulu until the 7th; but representatives S. E. Kalama, S. Kellinui, Philip Pail and Joel Nakaleka, accompanied by their families, will sail today for the capital. It is stated that J. H. S. Kaleo of Hana is a candidate for sergeant at arms of the House; Henry Reuter, of Nahiku, is running for messenger of the House, and Rev. John Kalino of Pala has a strong "pull" for chaplain of the Senate.

STRAY NOTES.

Saturday evening, the 24th, Mrs. Dora von Tempisky, of Puuomalei, Makawao, gave a little card party in honor of her guests, Misses Helen and Gardie Macfarlane of Honolulu.

Pedro, ping-pong, and dancing made up a delightful evening.

Mrs. W. J. Lowrie, formerly of Spreckelsville, together with her daughter, Miss Clara Lowrie, and her son, Will Lowrie, are residing in Brookline, a suburb of Boston. Mrs. Lowrie at present is on a visit to Porto Rico, where her husband is the manager of a large plantation.

Miss Maggie Mosser has recently been appointed assistant teacher in the Pala school in place of Miss Carsey Culbert, who resigned the position on account of ill health.

Normal Instructor C. W. Baldwin came from Hawaii on the 24th for a very brief visit to Hilo.

J. H. Nishwitz of Nahiku took Tuesday's Kinai for Hilo. He intends leaving shortly for San Francisco.

This morning the steamer Nebraska arrived in Kahului from Honolulu with 800 tons of general merchandise. After loading sugar she will return to Honolulu.

It is rumored on Maui that Napoopoo is talked of on Hawaii as a possible county seat for the Kona-Kau part of the big island.

Copies of the proposed county bill have been received on Maui during the week. It has not as yet been thoroughly read and considered. Some minor criticisms have been offered.

Weather—Heavy trades.

NOTES OF MAUI'S NEWS.

Mr. M. M. O'Shaughnessy, who is engaged in the survey of the Nahiku ditch, returned on the Kona, and went on to Nahiku on Wednesday's Claudine. Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Shaw of Hilo arrived by this morning's Kinai, and after a brief visit to W. E. Shaw of Nahiku, will extend their trip to the Coast.

J. F. Brown of Honolulu has reached Waikuku for the purpose of investigating the water supply of Iao Valley. He leaves for Honolulu tonight, but will return shortly.

Captain Whitney and Carl Lehnert, United States port inspectors, who left Honolulu by Tuesday's Kinai for Hawaii, returned to Maui this morning, and leave Kahului by this afternoon's Claudine.

Mainland Bar Prices Adopted for Honolulu.

The time honored custom of charging 25 cents per drink at the hotel bars of this city is about to give way under the modernizing influences which are at work in all directions. The proprietors of the Hawaiian Hotel and the Waikiki Seaside Annex, recognizing that this is now an American city, have decided to adopt the standard of charges on the Mainland—15 cents per drink or two for a quarter. We have been advised that the change will take effect from today.

WHEN YOU HAVE A BAD COLD.

You want a remedy that will give quick relief and effect a permanent cure.

You want a remedy that will relieve the lungs and make expectoration easy.

You want a remedy that will counteract any tendency toward pneumonia.

You want the best medicine that can be obtained.

You want Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

It always cures and cures quickly. Bennett, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents, sell it.

HITCHCOCK WAITS TO HEAR FROM THE GOVERNOR

He Will Then Make Fire Claims Law Operative and Let Millions Out.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE ADVERTISER.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock announced this afternoon that he would await Governor Dole's request to make the law providing for the payment of the fire claims operative, and to issue bonds under it. It is believed here that a representative authorized to conduct negotiations with the Secretary of the Interior, and furnish all data needed, would greatly expedite the arrangement for the bonds.

If this course is not followed it is probable that long correspondence over forms and provisions will be necessary. The giving of this authorization to Mr. Pratt, who has been concerned with the measure now made law, would place him in a position to advise with the Secretary, as to all the preliminaries and thus insure speedy issuance of the bonds.

Four per cent is regarded as a low rate of interest for bonds which have such a short term, those provided being redeemable in five years and payable in fifteen. There is some talk that to secure mainland sales it possibly will be necessary to make these securities a first lien on the revenues of the Territory.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

Governor Dole said last evening that he had, during the day, forwarded to Secretary Hitchcock, a message signifying his readiness to proceed with the carrying out of the Fire Claims law, as soon as the necessary instructions were received from the Interior Department. This action, he said, was due to the fact that he and Secretary Carter recognized that the Secretary alone could make the regulations under which the bonds could issue and be placed on the market, as well as approving the mere form of the securities.

As to the making of the Fire Claims bonds a first lien on the revenues of the Territory, the Governor said this was impossible, owing to the fact that there are bonds outstanding, and the loan was in reality one of the Congress, and not of the Territorial Legislature. The power of Congress to make this provision is recognized, and will without doubt be a factor in securing bids for the taking over of the issue when it is made, in the opinion of Governor Dole. The Legislature will, without doubt, make every provision for the carrying out of the will and desire of Congress, and it is likely, in view of the fact that the bonds must be sold at par, and there is no provision for meeting the expenses of their sale, that the Legislature will make an appropriation for the underwriting of the issue.

Governor Dole said that he could not yet see what power could be delegated to any agent, it being first necessary to find what instructions the Secretary will issue. When that is done there may appear some way in which Mr. Pratt can expedite matters and then he will be asked to serve. The bonds will be issued as soon as possible, as the government wants to have the matter cleared up rapidly. The answer of Secretary Hitchcock is expected to open the way for the making of all arrangements, and is awaited anxiously by Governor Dole.

BERLIN, January 30.—The Countess Isabella Wilecki has been arrested on a charge of having falsely represented that she had borne a son six years ago who was the heir to the Wilecki estate in Posen. The arrest has caused the greatest sensation. Several persons of high rank are implicated in the affair. It is claimed that the woman was engaged in a scheme to secure possession of a vast estate and palmed off the child as the legitimate heir.

LONDON, January 30.—President Castro's reply to the offer for the preliminary arrangement leading to the settlement of the Venezuelan trouble has not been received. The representatives of the various powers are awaiting his reply before taking any steps in the matter. No protests have been received from any of the other powers interested in the imbroglio. It is believed that an amicable settlement is probable, especially regarding the French claims.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—The United States government will not cease efforts to adjust the ratio of gold and silver coinage in the silver countries. Secretary Root is seeking a remedy for the present conditions in the Philippines, where fluctuating ratios are a great evil. It is proposed to appoint a commission of three to represent the United States at an international conference, the conclusions of the conference to be subject to the approval of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—The refusal of the powers to recede from their position in the Venezuelan matter may lead to joint action by France, Belgium and the United States to protest. Minister Bowen may be forced to inform the world that Venezuela, compelled by an overwhelmingly powerful alliance, yields her case to force. There is reason to believe that France and the United States are exchanging views in the matter. Both countries have large claims involved.

MANILA, P. I., Jan. 31.—The Insular Government has extended the time for the payment of the land tax.

ROME, Italy, Jan. 31.—Denekere, Secretary of St. Peter's, died today from an accident resulting in a fracture of the skull.

SANTIAGO, Chili, Jan. 31.—The report is current here that Germany has offered to purchase battleships of the Chilean navy.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 31.—Fire this morning destroyed the Weinstock-Lubin store. The loss will reach half a million dollars.

PARIS, France, Jan. 31.—The officials of the French Government are very hopeful of a satisfactory adjustment of the Venezuelan trouble.

CORFU, Jan. 31.—The British cruiser Pioneer ran down and sunk the torpedo boat Orwell. Thirteen men from the Orwell were drowned.

BERLIN, Germany, Jan. 31.—It is reported that the Crown Prince of Saxony will in consequence of the recent family scandal, renounce his succession to the throne in favor of his son George.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 31.—The crew and passengers of the steamship Crescent City, wrecked at Mendocino yesterday, have all been saved. There were fifteen in all and they were marooned on a rock.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31.—The allies have formally rejected the proposal for all powers to stand on an equal footing for the adjustment of Venezuelan claims, and the outlook is considered very gloomy. The Washington Embassies are advocating a retraction by their governments. President Castro remains silent.